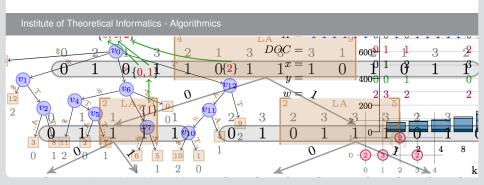


Praxis der Forschung: Efficient Document Retrieval on General Sequences

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Motivation

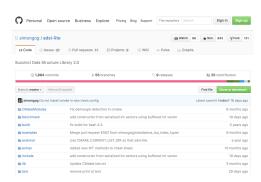


- Massive amounts of textual data are publicly available, e.g. WWW data, including source code and DNA databases
- We consider the problem of searching
 - single word or phrase in the data
 - "bag-of-words" queries (like google does)
 - resulting documents are ranked
- Efficient search requires index data structures
- Most search engines (Google, Lucene) are inverted-index based
- We consider a theoretically more attractive solution
 - based on compressed suffix arrays
 - 2d and 3d range search structures

Tools



- SDSL (our own library)
 - C++ template library
 - of highly-optimized
 - succinct data structures



- Apache Lucene
 - industry standard inverted file based search engine
 - written in Java
 - baseline system



Prerequisites



C++

Java

Are you here?

Algorithms

- Algorithm lectures, text-indexing lecture, advanced data structures, . . .
- Programming skills in C++11 and C++14, Java
- Unix tools (GDB, valgrind, vtune, perf)
- Low level programming
- Scripting languages (bash, python, R)

Literature



- Wing-Kai Hon, Rahul Shah, Sharma V. Thankachan, Jeffrey Scott Vitter. Space-Efficient Frameworks for Top-k String Retrieval. J. ACM 61(2):article 9, 2014.
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- Simon Gog and Gonzalo Navarro. Improved Single-Term Top-k Document Retrieval. Proc. ALENEX, pages 24-32, 2015.
- Simon Gog, Timo Beller, Alistair Moffat, Matthias Petri. From Theory to Practice: Plug and Play with Succinct Data Structures. SEA 2014.